DIXIE STATE COLLEGE – DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION LESSON PLAN - SECONDARY

Teacher Candidate <u>Brianna Larmore</u> Grade Level <u>8</u> Subject/Content: <u>Math Unit 6</u>

Title <u>6.R – Unit 6 Review</u>

CONTEXTUAL FACTORS (e.g. ethnicity, gender, exceptionalities, ELL, GATE, etc.) which need differentiation in instruction and assessment.

- 6 Hispanic students (2 have language difficulties)
- 3 Honors Bound students (2 others have ability but lack confidence)
- 5 students with IEPs (learning disabilities)

WALK-AWAY (what do I want students to know, understand, and be able to do?)

Content Walk-Away:

- Name multiple angles which have the same vertex.
- Differentiate between supplementary and complementary angles.
- Locate and identify angles created with parallel lines crossed by a transversal
- Classify triangles by sides and angles
- Understand and apply the interior and exterior angle of triangle theorems

Reading/Language Walk-Away:

- Refresher:
 - Alternate interior and Alternate exterior
 - Supplementary and Complementary
 - Corresponding and Consecutive
 - Vertical angles and linear pairs
 - Congruent
 - Equilateral, Acute, Obtuse, Right, Isosceles, and Scalene

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE (formative/summative checks for	Modifications/Accommodations
learning) (Match the Content Walk-Away)	(ELL, IEP, GATE, etc.)
 Participation: Call on students semi-randomly to provide assistance and answer open-ended questions. Match vocabulary terms to specific pictorial references (have 	Allow ELL students to converse in native tongue while working in small groups/pairs_Refer to
 Match vocabulary terms to specific pictorial references (have students come to the board and label objects themselves.) Involve all students, there are plenty of answers for everyone to get a turn. In classwork: Students answer open-ended questions specific to what they and their partner are working on together. Observations of students assisting peers while in small groups/pairs. Homework: PLC created common assessment 16 total problems: 4 complementary/supplementary, 6 parallel lines with transversals, 3 classifying triangles, 3 interior/exterior angles of triangles 	 groups/pairs. Refer to previous out-of-classroom knowledge. Insist on deeper answers from honors-bound students. Have them answer the "but why?" and "why would that matter?" questions. Scaffold students with an IEP, but don't let them off the hook. Verbally walk them through their own thinking. Take time to make sure that you talk to each during small group time.

ACTIVE LEARNING PLAN	Modifications/
	Accommodations
	(EEL, IEI, GATE, CU.)
 <u>Activate Prior Knowledge/Experiences</u> We have talked about angles. We know how to name them. We know the difference between supplementary and complementary angles. We have used parallel lines and their transversals to create new angles. We have created triangles and understand the relationships between their interior and exterior angles. Today we take all that knowledge, roll it up in a tight little ball, fill in any holes, and breathe easy come test time. Because we KNOW this stuff. <u>Guided Instruction ("We do it."</u>) Fill in slide 2 on the Smart Board as the students raise their hands to answer if an angle belongs in the congruent or non-congruent category. (They don't have to have all the types of angles memorized, they just have to be able to use them.) Congruent: Alt. Interior, Alt. Exterior, Corresponding, Vertical, Bisected Non-Congruent: Consecutive, Supplementary*, Complementary* Slide 3, have students solve for x. On right angle: 8x and x, then 5x+6 and -3x-8 On the straight angle: 2x and 7x, then 2x-8 and 2x+24 Slide 4, have students label each of the following angles: Alternate Exterior (2 sets) Corresponding (4 sets) Corresponding (4 sets) Uretical (4 sets) Jinterior (x+3, 4x+8, 5x+9) 2 interior (5x, 12) supplementary to exterior (4x-6) Collaborative/Cooperative ("You do it together") Have students quiz each other on how to distinguish between the above congruent and ono-congruent angles. (This is the biggest sticking point for the students.) 	 Accommodations (ELL, IEP, GATE, etc.) Include IEP learners after a peers' example has been given. Use color-coding and visual representations. Make sure to speak to each during small group time. Separate honors- bound students and have them collaborate with middle range peers. The peer tutoring will cement their knowledge of the content. "Why does this matter to us?" For ELL, speak slowly. Refer new vocabulary to information and terms they are already familiar with. Ask them for personal examples. Color Code!
 <u>Independent ("You do it alone")</u> Finish the worksheet at home. Come in and get extra assistance if you 	
don't feel completely confident.	
Summarization/Closure	
• Sum of interior angles of ANY triangle is 180°	
 Exterior angles are linear pairs and therefore supplementary. Remember which types of angles are congruent and which aren't. You guys are going to do great. 	

NOTES TO TEACHER

What do I need to remember to do?

- Allow students a moment or two to think through the relationship between angles and congruency.
- Don't let students off the hook. Everyone participates. Be patient and encouraging.

Materials to have ready?

- Smart Board / PowerPoint Presentation and projector
- WS 6 Unit Reveiw
- Dry Erase markers

Approximate time needed for lesson?

• 70 minutes